

COURSE OUTLINE

The course description is online @ http://camosun.ca/learn/calendar/current/web/phys.html

 $\Omega$  Please note: the College electronically stores this outline for five (5) years only. It is **strongly recommended** you keep a copy of this outline with your academic records. You will need this outline for any future application/s for transfer credit/s to other colleges/universities.

#### 1. Instructor Information

(a)	Instructor:	Ed Nelson		
(b)	Office Hours:	M through F 10:30 – 11:20		
(C)	Location:	TECH 218		
(d)	Phone:	250 370 4435	Alternative Phone:	
(e)	Email:	nelson@camosun.bc.c	<u>a</u>	
(f)	Website:	online.camosun.bc.ca		

### 2. Intended Learning Outcomes

(<u>No</u> changes are to be made to these Intended Learning Outcomes as approved by the Education Council of Camosun College.)

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Solve technical problems associated with:
  - Impulse, the concept of conservation of momentum of isolated systems, including elastic and inelastic collisions, and angular momentum.
  - The Simple Harmonic Motion of a mass and spring system and the simple pendulum, including equations of motion, energy, and graphical representations.
  - Waves in various media (sound and light), including types of waves, wave functions, wave speed, and interference of waves.
  - Fundamental thermal physics, including thermometry conversions, specific heat, latent heat, and thermal expansion.
  - Static electricity (the Coulomb force, electric force field, electric potential and potential difference).
  - Current electricity (Ohm's Law, resistors in series, parallel and combination circuits).
  - The effect of magnetic fields on moving point charges and on current-carrying wires.
- 2. Assemble experimental apparatus using written instructions.
- 3. Observe, record, organize and display data in tables, graphs or charts.
- 4. Analyze linear graphs (determine area, slope, intercept, etc.).
- 5. Observe and record sources of error and estimate the range of uncertainty in results.
- 6. Interpret meaning of experimental results in the context of the experimental objectives.
- 7. Write scientific reports in an acceptable, traditional format.

#### 3. Required Materials

- (a) "College Physics", Knight/Jones/Field, 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (Pearson)
- (b) PHYS 154/191/192 Lab Manual, scientific calculator, graph paper, drawing set

### 4. Course Content and Schedule

LEC M 4:30 – 5:20 (TECH 174); T 1:30 – 2:20 (TECH 175); ThF 8:30 – 9:20 (CBA 101); Th 1:30 – 2:20 (CC121) (CC121) LAB T 2:30 – 4:20 TECH 222

### 5. Basis of Student Assessment (Weighting)

(a)	Weekly Assignments	5%
(b)	Weekly Quizzes	5%
(c)	Midterms	30% (best 3 out of 4)
(d)	Labs (MANDATORY)	10%
(e)	Final Exam	50%

### 6. Grading System

(<u>No</u> changes are to be made to this section unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through the Education Council of Camosun College for approval.)

### Standard Grading System (GPA)

Percentage	Grade	Description	Grade Point Equivalency
90-100	A+		9
85-89	A		8
80-84	A-		7
77-79	B+		6
73-76	В		5
70-72	B-		4
65-69	C+		3
60-64	С		2
50-59	D	Minimum level of achievement for which credit is granted; a course with a "D" grade cannot be used as a prerequisite.	1
0-49	F	Minimum level has not been achieved.	0

### **Temporary Grades**

Temporary grades are assigned for specific circumstances and will convert to a final grade according to the grading scheme being used in the course. See Grading Policy E-1.5 at **camosun.ca** for information on conversion to final grades, and for additional information on student record and transcript notations.

Temporary Grade	Description
I	<i>Incomplete</i> : A temporary grade assigned when the requirements of a course have not yet been completed due to hardship or extenuating circumstances, such as illness or death in the family.
IP	In progress: A temporary grade assigned for courses that, due to design may require a further enrollment in the same course. No more than two IP grades will be assigned for the same course. (For these courses a final grade will be assigned to either the 3 <sup>rd</sup> course attempt or at the point of course completion.)
CW	<i>Compulsory Withdrawal:</i> A temporary grade assigned by a Dean when an instructor, after documenting the prescriptive strategies applied and consulting with peers, deems that a student is unsafe to self or others and must be removed from the lab, practicum, worksite, or field placement.

### 7. Recommended Materials or Services to Assist Students to Succeed Throughout the Course

### LEARNING SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR STUDENTS

There are a variety of services available for students to assist them throughout their learning. This information is available in the College calendar, at Student Services, or the College web site at <u>camosun.ca</u>.

### STUDENT CONDUCT POLICY

There is a Student Conduct Policy **which includes plagiarism**. It is the student's responsibility to become familiar with the content of this policy.

# OUTLINE:

## 1. Impulse and Momentum

- 1.1 Impulse momentum theorem
- 1.2 Conservation of linear momentum
- 1.3 Collisions
  - 1.3.1 One-dimensional collisions
  - 1.3.2 Two-dimensional collisions
- 1.4 Angular momentum

# 2. Simple Harmonic Motion

- 2.1 Physics of a spring
  - 2.1.1 Hooke's law
  - 2.1.2 Springs in series and parallel
  - 2.1.3 Potential energy
- 2.2 Simple harmonic motion
  - 2.2.1 Period, frequency, and amplitude
  - 2.2.2 Equations for displacement, velocity and acceleration in terms of time
  - 2.2.3 Graphs of displacement, velocity and acceleration as functions of time
  - 2.2.4 Maximum velocity and acceleration
- 2.3 Simple pendulum

# 3. <u>Waves</u>

- 3.1 Properties of waves
  - 3.1.1 Types of waves transverse/longitudinal
  - 3.1.2 Speed, period, wavelength and amplitude of waves
  - 3.1.3 Speed of wave on a string
  - 3.1.4 The wave function for transverse waves
  - 3.1.5 Wave speed and particle speed
- 3.2 Sound waves
  - 3.2.1 Properties
  - 3.2.2 Speed of sound in solids, liquids, and gases and temperature dependence
  - 3.2.3 The wave function for longitudinal waves
- 3.3 Principle of linear superposition
  - 3.3.1 Constructive and destructive interference
  - 3.3.2 Standing waves transverse and longitudinal
  - 3.3.3 The standing wave function

## 4. Thermal Properties of Matter

- 4.1 Temperature scales
- 4.2 Thermometers
- 4.3 Thermal expansion
  - 4.3.1 Linear expansion Thermal stress
  - 4.3.2 Volume expansion
- 4.4 Thermal energy
  - 4.4.1 Specific heat
  - 4.4.2 Latent heat

## 4.4.3 Calorimetry

### 5. Electricity

- 5.1 Electrostatics
  - 5.1.1 Charges as constituents of matter
    - 5.1.1.1 Conductors and insulators and semiconductors
    - 5.1.1.2 Charging processes charge by induction
  - 5.1.2 Coulomb's law
  - 5.1.3 Electric fields
  - 5.1.4 Electric potential energy, potential and potential difference

## 6. Current Electricity

- 6.1 Electric current
- 6.2 Ohm's Law
- 6.3 Resistivity, resistances in series and parallel
- 6.4 Power
- 6.5 Simple D. C. circuits
- 6.6 Kirchhoff's Rules

## 7. Electromagnetism

- 7.1 Magnets and the magnetic field
- 7.2 Magnetic fields of currents long straight wire, loop and coil
- 7.3 Force on a moving charge
- 7.4 Force on a current in a magnetic field
- 7.5 Electromagnetic induction and Faraday's Law