

School of Arts & Science PHYSICS DEPARTMENT PHYS 101

Introduction to Physics

Quarter or Semester/Year

COURSE OUTLINE

The course description is online @ http://camosun.ca/learn/calendar/current/web/phys.html

Ω Please note: the College electronically stores this outline for five (5) years only. It is strongly recommended you keep a copy of this outline with your academic records. You will need this outline for any future application/s for transfer credit/s to other colleges/universities.

1. Instructor Information

(a)	Instructor:	Ed Nelson		
(b)	Office Hours:	11:30 am – 12:30 pm MTWThF		
(c)	Location:	F318/322		
(d)	Phone:	250 370 4406	Alternative Phone:	
(e)	Email:	nelson@camosun.bc.ca	1	
(f)	Website:	D2L: online.camosun.c	a	

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

(No changes are to be made to these Intended Learning Outcomes as approved by the Education Council of Camosun College.)

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate skill in the use of S.I. base and derived units.
- 2. Draw graphs (by hand), determining slopes of linear graphs, linearization of non-linear data, and writing an equation to represent a linear graph.
- 3. Solve technical problems involving one-dimensional kinematics for a single particle with constant acceleration.
- 4. Solve technical problems involving the dynamics of a single particle in one dimension (force, weight, Newton's Laws of Motion).
- 5. Solve technical problems involving kinetic energy, gravitational potential energy, elastic potential energy, conservation of mechanical energy, and mechanical power.
- 6. Solve technical problems involving simple DC electric circuits, Ohm's Law, electric power, and resistors in series and parallel combination.
- 7. Solve technical problems involving nuclear energy (mass-energy equivalence, binding energy).
- 8. Assemble simple experimental apparatus using written instructions.
- 9. Observe, record, organize and display experimental data in tables, graphs or charts.
- 10. Analyze linear graphs (determine area, slope, intercept, etc.).
- 11. Interpret meaning of experimental results in the context of the experimental objectives.

3. Required Materials

- (a) PHYS 101 Course Materials Book
- (b) PHYS 101 Lab Manual
- (c) Scientific Calculator / Drawing Instruments (ruler, protractor, etc.)
- (d) Graph Paper (must be 10 mm x 10 mm)

4. Course Content and Schedule

LEC MW 8:30 am - 9:20 am F316 LEC TTh 8:30 am - 10:20 am F316 LAB MW 9:30 am - 11:20 am F316

5. Basis of Student Assessment (Weighting)

(a)	Final Exam	50%
(b)	Midterm Exams (best 3 out of 4)	30%
(c)	Weekly Quizzes	5%
(d)	Weekly Homework	5%
(e)	Laboratory Workbook	10%
	•	100%

6. Grading System

(No changes are to be made to this section unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through the Education Council of Camosun College for approval.)

Standard Grading System (GPA)

Percentage	Grade	Description	Grade Point Equivalency
90-100	A+		9
85-89	Α		8
80-84	A-		7
77-79	B+		6
73-76	В		5
70-72	B-		4
65-69	C+		3
60-64	С		2
50-59	D	Minimum level of achievement for which credit is granted; a course with a "D" grade cannot be used as a prerequisite.	1
0-49	F	Minimum level has not been achieved.	0

Temporary Grades

Temporary grades are assigned for specific circumstances and will convert to a final grade according to the grading scheme being used in the course. See Grading Policy E-1.5 at **camosun.ca** for information on conversion to final grades, and for additional information on student record and transcript notations.

Temporary Grade	Description
ı	Incomplete: A temporary grade assigned when the requirements of a course have not yet been completed due to hardship or extenuating circumstances, such as illness or death in the family.
IP	In progress: A temporary grade assigned for courses that, due to design may require a further enrollment in the same course. No more than two IP grades will be assigned for the same course. (For these courses a final grade will be assigned to either the 3 rd course attempt or at the point of course completion.)
CW	Compulsory Withdrawal: A temporary grade assigned by a Dean when an instructor, after documenting the prescriptive strategies applied and consulting with peers, deems that a student is unsafe to self or others and must be removed from the lab, practicum, worksite, or field placement.

7. Recommended Materials or Services to Assist Students to Succeed Throughout the Course

LEARNING SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR STUDENTS

There are a variety of services available for students to assist them throughout their learning. This information is available in the College calendar, at Student Services, or the College web site at camosun.ca.

STUDENT CONDUCT POLICY

There is a Student Conduct Policy which includes plagiarism. It is the student's responsibility to become familiar with the content of this policy. The policy is available in each School Administration Office, at Student Services, and the College web site in the Policy Section.

OUTLINE:

1. Measurement & Units

- 1.1 Concepts of physics
- 1.2 Accuracy and precision
- 1.3 Significant figures
- 1.4 Scientific notation
- 1.5 Systeme Internationale (SI)
 - 1.5.1 Base units
 - 1.5.2 Prefixes
 - 1.5.3 Derived units
- 1.6 Conversion of units
- 1.7 Problem solving

2. **Graphical Analysis**

- 2.1 Graph construction
 - 2.1.1 Plotting data
 - 2.1.2 Fitting curves to data
- 2.2 Analyzing linear graphs
 - 2.2.1 Determination of slope and intercept
 - 2.2.2 The linear equation
- 2.3 Analyzing non-linear graphs
 - 2.3.1 Recognition of power graphs
 - 2.3.2 Changing variables to produce linear graphs
 - 2.3.3 Writing equations for non-linear graphs

3. Kinematics in One Dimension

- 3.1 Kinematic quantities
 - 3.1.1 Vector and scalar quantities
 - 3.1.2 Position, distance and displacement
 - 3.1.3 Average speed and velocity
 - 3.1.4 Acceleration
- 3.2 Kinematic graphs
 - 3.2.1 Position versus time
 - 3.2.2 Displacement versus time
 - 3.2.3 Velocity versus time
- 3.3 Equations of uniformly accelerated motion
 - 3.3.1 Solving kinematic problems
 - 3.3.2 Acceleration due to gravity
 - 3.3.3 Vertical motion near the Earth

4. Dynamics in One Dimension

- 4.1 Concept of force
- 4.2 Newton's first law of motion
 - 4.2.1 Concept of inertia
- 4.3 Newton's second law of motion
 - 4.3.1 Dependence of acceleration on net force
 - 4.3.2 Dependence of acceleration on mass
 - 4.3.3 Dependence of net force on mass
- 4.4 Newton's third law of motion
 - 4.4.1 Interpretation of examples of the law

5. Work, Energy and Power

- 5.1 Work
 - 5.1.1 Definition
 - 5.1.2 Calculating work done by a force
 - 5.1.3 Positive and negative work
- 5.2 Types of Mechanical Energy
 - 5.2.1 Kinetic energy
 - 5.2.2 Gravitational potential energy
 - 5.2.3 Elastic potential energy
- 5.3 Work-Energy Theorem
- 5.4 Conservation of Mechanical Energy
- 5.5 Power and Efficiency

6. Electrical Energy

- 6.1 Laws of Electrostatics
 - 6.1.1 Atomic structure
 - 6.1.2 Conductors and insulators
- 6.2 Electric circuits
 - 6.2.1 Definitions of current, voltage and resistance
 - 6.2.2 Basic circuit elements
 - 6.2.3 Ohm's law
 - 6.2.4 Electrical energy and power
 - 6.2.5 Characteristics of series circuits
 - 6.2.6 Characteristics of parallel circuits

7. Nuclear Energy

- 7.1 The nucleus
 - 7.1.1 Characteristics of the atom
- 7.2 Mass-Energy
 - 7.2.1 Equivalence of mass and energy
 - 7.2.2 Mass defect in nucleus
 - 7.2.3 Binding energy
- 7.3 Nuclear energy
 - 7.3.1 Fission and fusion
 - 7.3.2 Chain reactions
 - 7.3.3 Safety concerns