



COURSE OUTLINE

The course description is online @ <http://camosun.ca/learn/calendar/current/web/phys.html>

Ω Please note: the College electronically stores this outline for five (5) years only.
It is **strongly recommended** you keep a copy of this outline with your academic records.
You will need this outline for any future application/s for transfer credit/s to other colleges/universities.

1. Instructor Information

(a)	Instructor:	Ed Nelson		
(b)	Office Hours:	1:30 – 2:30 MTWThF		
(c)	Location:			
(d)	Phone:	250 370 4406	Alternative Phone:	
(e)	Email:	nelson@camosun.bc.ca		
(f)	Website:			

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

(No changes are to be made to these Intended Learning Outcomes as approved by the Education Council of Camosun College.)

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

1. Define the scientific method and give examples of its application.
2. Perform unit conversions using SI, Imperial and U.S. Customary units. Round measurements to the correct number of significant figures. Calculate uncertainties.
3. Add and subtract vectors using scale diagrams, the component method, and the laws of sines and cosines. Solve problems of concurrent forces in equilibrium.
4. Define the following kinematic vector quantities: displacement, velocity and acceleration, distance and speed. Use the kinematic equations to solve one- and two-dimensional problems involving uniformly accelerated motion. One-dimensional problems will consist of freefall and two-body problems, while two-dimensional problems will feature projectiles and trajectories.
5. Using Newton's Laws, answer conceptual problems with free-body diagrams. Solve two-dimensional dynamics problems involving normal forces, static and kinetic friction, tension forces, inclined planes, and connected objects. Calculate forces for objects in equilibrium.
6. Construct free-body diagrams for objects undergoing uniform circular motion, and calculate centripetal forces and accelerations. Answer conceptual problems for systems undergoing circular motion.
7. Define the terms work, energy, and power. Use the work-energy theorem or the law of conservation of energy to solve problems with and without dissipative forces. Calculate the power and efficiency of mechanical processes.
8. Calculate the centre-of-mass and moment-of-inertia for uniform objects. Use the parallel-axis theorem for moment-of-inertia calculations. Perform calculations and answer conceptual questions using torques. Solve equilibrium problems for non-concurrent forces.
9. Define the rotational kinematic quantities angular velocity and angular acceleration. Transform between linear and rotational quantities. Use the rotational form of Newton's 2nd Law to solve dynamics problems. Calculate work, energy, and power for rotational systems.
10. Calculate the mechanical advantage and efficiency of simple machines.
11. Assemble experimental apparatus using written instructions.
12. Observe, record, organize and display data in tables, graphs or charts.
13. Analyze linear graphs (determine area, slope, intercept, etc.).
14. Observe and record sources of error and estimate the range of uncertainty in results.
15. Interpret meaning of experimental results in the context of the experimental objectives.
16. Write scientific reports in an acceptable, traditional format.

3. Required Materials

- (a) "College Physics", Knight/Jones/Field, 2nd Edition (Pearson)
- (b) PHYS 191/192 Lab Manual, Scientific Calculator, Graph Paper, Drawing Set

4. Course Content and Schedule

LEC MTWThF 2:30 – 3:20 pm TECH 173
LAB F 8:30 – 10:20 am TECH 222

5. Basis of Student Assessment (Weighting)

- (a) Weekly Assignments 5%
- (b) Weekly Quizzes 5%
- (c) Midterms 30% (Best 3 out of 4)
- (d) Labs (MANDATORY) 10%
- (e) Final Exam 50%

6. Grading System

(No changes are to be made to this section unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through the Education Council of Camosun College for approval.)

Standard Grading System (GPA)

Percentage	Grade	Description	Grade Point Equivalency
90-100	A+		9
85-89	A		8
80-84	A-		7
77-79	B+		6
73-76	B		5
70-72	B-		4
65-69	C+		3
60-64	C		2
50-59	D	Minimum level of achievement for which credit is granted; a course with a "D" grade cannot be used as a prerequisite.	1
0-49	F	Minimum level has not been achieved.	0

Temporary Grades

Temporary grades are assigned for specific circumstances and will convert to a final grade according to the grading scheme being used in the course. See Grading Policy E-1.5 at camosun.ca for information on conversion to final grades, and for additional information on student record and transcript notations.

Temporary Grade	Description
I	<i>Incomplete:</i> A temporary grade assigned when the requirements of a course have not yet been completed due to hardship or extenuating circumstances, such as illness or death in the family.
IP	<i>In progress:</i> A temporary grade assigned for courses that, due to design may require a further enrollment in the same course. No more than two IP grades will be assigned for the same course. <i>(For these courses a final grade will be assigned to either the 3rd course attempt or at the point of course completion.)</i>
CW	<i>Compulsory Withdrawal:</i> A temporary grade assigned by a Dean when an instructor, after documenting the prescriptive strategies applied and consulting with peers, deems that a student is unsafe to self or others and must be removed from the lab, practicum, worksite, or field placement.

7. Recommended Materials or Services to Assist Students to Succeed Throughout the Course

LEARNING SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR STUDENTS

There are a variety of services available for students to assist them throughout their learning. This information is available in the College calendar, at Student Services, or the College web site at camosun.ca.

STUDENT CONDUCT POLICY

There is a Student Conduct Policy **which includes plagiarism**. It is the student's responsibility to become familiar with the content of this policy. The policy is available in each School Administration Office, at Student Services, and the College web site in the Policy Section.

OUTLINE:

1. **Measurement**

- 1.1 Concept and process
- 1.2 Significant figures
- 1.3 Systeme Internationale (SI)
- 1.4 British and practical units
- 1.5 Unit conversions - review
- 1.6 Error analysis

2. **Vectors**

- 2.1 Representation of vectors and specification of directions
- 2.2 Addition and subtraction of vectors
- 2.3 Scalar and vector multiplication
- 2.4 Component method
- 2.5 Application of sine and cosine laws to vector problems
- 2.6 Concurrent forces in equilibrium

3. **Kinematics**

- 3.1 Kinematic quantities
 - 3.1.1 Position, distance and displacement
 - 3.1.2 Speed and velocity
 - 3.1.3 Acceleration
- 3.2 Uniformly accelerated motion
- 3.3 One-dimensional kinematic problems
 - 3.3.1 Free-fall
 - 3.3.2 Two-body problems
- 3.4 Two-dimensional kinematic problems
 - 3.4.1 Projectiles and trajectories

4. **Dynamics**

- 4.1 Newton's laws of motion and conceptual problems
- 4.2 Concept of force
 - 4.2.1 Normal forces
 - 4.2.2 Static and kinetic friction
 - 4.2.3 Tension forces
- 4.3 Newton's second law of motion
 - 4.3.1 Free-body diagrams

- 4.3.2 Problem-solving techniques
- 4.3.3 Inclined planes
- 4.3.4 Connected systems
- 4.3.5 Two-dimensional problems
- 4.4 Equilibrium

5. **Uniform Circular Motion**

- 5.1 Centripetal acceleration
- 5.2 Centripetal force

6. **Work, Energy and Power**

- 6.1 Definition and concept
- 6.2 Types of mechanical energy
 - 6.2.1 Kinetic energy
 - 6.2.2 Potential energy
- 6.3 Work-energy theorem – conservation of energy
- 6.4 Problems involving work and energy
 - 6.4.1 Without dissipative forces
 - 6.4.2 With dissipative forces
- 6.5 Power as rate of doing work and change of energy

7. **Physics of a Rigid Body**

- 7.1 Center of mass and center of gravity – calculations
- 7.2 Torque
- 7.3 Equilibrium of a rigid body
- 7.4 Rotational inertia
 - 7.4.1 Parallel axis theorem
 - 7.4.2 Perpendicular axis theorem
 - 7.4.3 Methods of symmetry
- 7.5 Rotational kinematics
 - 7.5.1 Definition of rotational kinematic quantities and units
 - 7.5.2 Formulas for uniformly accelerated rotation
 - 7.5.3 Relation between linear and angular quantities
- 7.6 Rotational dynamics
 - 7.6.1 Dynamic equation
 - 7.6.2 Work, rotational kinetic energy, power

8. **Simple Machines**

- 8.1 General theory
 - 8.1.1 Mechanical advantage
 - 8.1.2 Efficiency
- 8.2 Application: Different types of machines