

# School of Arts & Science PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

PHYS 104-001
General College Physics 1
2009 Winter

## **COURSE OUTLINE**

### The Approved Course Description is available on the web @ \_\_\_

 $\Omega$  Please note: this outline will be electronically stored for five (5) years only. It is strongly recommended students keep this outline for your records.

#### 1. Instructor Information

(a)	Instructor:	Ed Nelson	
(b)	Office Hours:	1:30 - 2:30 M - F	
(c)	Location:	F346B	
(d)	Phone:	370-3515	Alternative Phone:
(e)	Email:	nelson@camosun.b	c.ca
(f)	Website:		

## 2. Intended Learning Outcomes

(No changes are to be made to this section, unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through EDCO for approval.)

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Solve technical problems involving one-dimensional kinematics for a single particle undergoing constant acceleration along horizontal and inclined surfaces, and in free fall.
- 2. Solve technical problems involving the dynamics of a single particle in one dimension, the vector nature of forces, the net force on an object, free-body diagrams for single and two interacting objects, gravitational forces, and inertia.
- 3. Solve technical problems involving kinetic energy, gravitational potential energy, elastic potential energy, conservation of mechanical energy, and mechanical power, in one dimension.
- 4. Solve technical problems involving conversions between common temperature scales, specific heat capacity, latent heats, calorimetry, and heat transfer by radiation, thermal conduction and convection.
- 5. Solve technical problems involving nuclear energy (mass-energy equivalence, binding energy), demonstrate knowledge of nuclear fission, fusion, and fuel disposal problems.
- 6. Solve elementary technical problems involving graphical and trigonometric vector algebra in two dimensions, two-dimensional kinematics (motion), dynamics (forces), work and power.
- 7. Solve technical problems involving projectile motion, circular motion with constant speed, gravitational forces and planetary motion.
- 8. Solve technical problems involving hydrostatics (Archimedes' principle, Pascal's principle) and simple fluids in motion (Equation of continuity, Bernoulli's equation).

- 9. Assemble experimental apparatus using written instructions.
- 10. Observe, record, organize and display data in tables, graphs or charts.
- 11. Analyze linear graphs (determine area, slope, intercept, etc.).
- 12. Observe and record sources of error and estimate the range of uncertainty in results.
- 13. Interpret meaning of experimental results in the context of the experimental objectives.
- 14. Write scientific reports in an acceptable, traditional format.

## 3. Required Materials

- (a) Giancoli, "Physics", 6<sup>th</sup> or 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson
- (b) PHYS 104 Lab manual, Laboratory Report Book (with graph paper), additional graph paper, scientific calculator, simple drawing instruments (ruler, protractor, etc.)

## 4. Course Content and Schedule

LAB M 10:30 – 12:20 LEC T W Th F 11:30 – 12:20

## 5. Basis of Student Assessment (Weighting)

(Should be linked directly to learning outcomes.)

- (a) ASSIGNMENTS 5%
- (b) QUIZZES 5%
- (c) MIDTERM EXAMS 25%
- (d) FINAL EXAM 45%
- (e) LAB REPORTS 20%

## 6. Grading System

(No changes are to be made to this section, unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through EDCO for approval.)

## Standard Grading System (GPA)

Percentage	Grade	Description	Grade Point Equivalency
90-100	A+		9
85-89	Α		8
80-84	A-		7
77-79	B+		6
73-76	В		5
70-72	B-		4
65-69	C+		3
60-64	С		2
50-59	D	D Minimum level of achievement for which credit is granted; a course with a "D" grade	

		cannot be used as a prerequisite.	
0-49	F	Minimum level has not been achieved.	0

## **Temporary Grades**

Temporary grades are assigned for specific circumstances and will convert to a final grade according to the grading scheme being used in the course. See Grading Policy E-1.5 at **camosun.ca** for information on conversion to final grades, and for additional information on student record and transcript notations.

Temporary Grade	Description
I	Incomplete: A temporary grade assigned when the requirements of a course have not yet been completed due to hardship or extenuating circumstances, such as illness or death in the family.
IP	In progress: A temporary grade assigned for courses that, due to design may require a further enrollment in the same course. No more than two IP grades will be assigned for the same course. (For these courses a final grade will be assigned to either the 3 <sup>rd</sup> course attempt or at the point of course completion.)
cw	Compulsory Withdrawal: A temporary grade assigned by a Dean when an instructor, after documenting the prescriptive strategies applied and consulting with peers, deems that a student is unsafe to self or others and must be removed from the lab, practicum, worksite, or field placement.

# 7. Recommended Materials or Services to Assist Students to Succeed Throughout the Course

#### LEARNING SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR STUDENTS

There are a variety of services available for students to assist them throughout their learning. This information is available in the College calendar, at Student Services or the College web site at <a href="mailto:camosun.ca">camosun.ca</a>.

#### STUDENT CONDUCT POLICY

There is a Student Conduct Policy **which includes plagiarism**. It is the student's responsibility to become familiar with the content of this policy. The policy is available in each School Administration Office, at Student Services and on the College web site in the Policy Section.

### OUTLINE of topics

1. Measurement and Units - REVIEW (Ch. 1.1 - 1.7)

## 2. Kinematics in one dimension - REVIEW (Ch. 2)

- 2.1 Displacement
- 2.2 Average and instantaneous velocity
- 2.3 Average and instantaneous acceleration
- 2.4 Equations of uniformly-accelerated motion
- 2.5 Application to falling bodies
- 2.6 OPTIONAL: Review of kinematic graphs (2.8)

## 3. Dynamics in one dimension - REVIEW (Ch. 4.1 - 4.6)

- 3.1 Introduction to Newton's Laws of Motion
- 3.2 Mass and Weight
- 3.3 Types of forces (gravitational, contact, tension; friction (def'n in 4.8))
- 3.4 Free body diagrams. Concept of net force

## 4. Work, energy and power (Ch. 6.1, 6.3 - 6.10, omit inclines)

- 4.1 Work done by a constant force. Net work
- 4.2 Kinetic energy. The Work-Energy Principle
- 4.3 Potential energy (gravitational, spring)
- 4.4 Conservative and Nonconservative forces
- 4.5 Conservation of mechanical energy
- 4.6 Energy conservation with dissipative forces
- 4.7 Power and efficiency

## 5. Thermal energy (Ch. 13.2, 13.4) and (Ch. 14)

- 5.1 Temperature and thermometers
- 5.2 Thermal expansion
- 5.3 Heat as a form of energy; specific heat
- 5.4 Change of state and latent heat; calorimetry
- 5.5 Heat transfer: conduction, convection and radiation
- 5.6 OPTIONAL: Heat Transfer Applications.

## 6. Nuclear energy (Ch. 30.1 - 30.8) and (Ch. 31.1 - 31.4)

- 6.1 Structure and properties of nucleus
- 6.2 Binding energy
- 6.3  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  decay processes
- 6.4 OPTIONAL: Radioactivity, Concept of half-life (30.3, 30.8 qualitative)
- 6.5 Nuclear Energy; The chain reaction; Applications
- 6.6 Nuclear waste; disposal and reprocessing.
- 6.7 Fusion energy; Applications (energy-production in stars)
- 6.8 OPTIONAL: Radiation damage in matter (31.4)

# 7. <u>Kinematics and Dynamics Vectors in two dimensions (Ch. 3.1 – 3.6) and (Ch. 4.7, 4.8 and Ch. 6 re-visited)</u>

- 7.1 Graphical representation of vector algebra
- 7.2 Vector algebra by trigonometry
- 7.3 Kinematics in two dimensions

- 7.4 Projectile motion (OPTIONAL; Max. height and Range eq'ns.)
- 7.5 Dynamics in two dimensions; simultaneous forces, inclines (OPTIONAL: Connected objects.)
- 7.6 Review of Work and Energy in two dimensions and with dissipative forces.

## 8. <u>Uniform circular motion and gravitation (Ch. 5.1 – 5.3, 5.6 – 5.9)</u>

- 8.1 Kinematics and dynamics of uniform circular motion
- 8.2 Newton's Universal law of gravitation
- 8.3 Application to circular planetary motion; satellites.
- 8.4 OPTIONAL: Kepler's laws (5.9)

## 9. Fluids (Ch. 10.1 – 10.10)

- 9.1 Pressure; fluid statics and density
- 9.2 Pascal's Principle
- 9.3 Archimede's Principle and buoyancy
- 9.4 Fluids in motion; Equation of continuity

OPTIONAL: Bernoulli's Principle and applications. (10.9, 10.10)