

## School of Arts & Science MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT

MATH 187 Technical Mathematics 2 2009 Q2

# **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### 1. Instructor Information

(a)	Instructor:	Gilles Cazelais	
(b)	Office Hours:	http://pacificcoast.net/_cazelais/schedule.html	
(C)	Location:	CBA 158	
(d)	Phone:	370 - 4495	Alternative Phone:
(e)	Email:	Cazelais@camosun.bc.ca	
(f)	Website:	http://pacificcoast.net/~cazelais/187.html	

### 2. Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Calculate antiderivatives, indefinite integrals, and definite integrals; integrate natural logarithms and trigonometric functions, and use integral calculus to determine the area under a curve.
- 2. Use numerical integration techniques such as the trapezoidal rule and Simpson's Rule to approximate a definite integral.
- 3. Use integration in applications involving area between curves, volumes of revolution, moments of area and mass, centroids and centres of mass, and moments of inertia.
- 4. Evaluate integrals in basic logarithmic, exponential, trigonometric, and inverse trigonometric forms. Use techniques of integration, including integration by parts, trigonometric substitution, and partial fractions.
- 5. Calculate power-series expansions of functions, including Maclaurin and Taylor series, and use these expansions to evaluate integrals.
- 6. Compute integrals involving curves and surfaces in three dimensions.
- 7. Find partial derivatives of functions in more than one variable.
- 8. Evaluate double integrals using both Cartesian and cylindrical coordinates and use them to calculate volumes under three-dimensional surfaces.

## 3. Required Materials

Basic Technical Mathematics with Calculus (8th Edition) by Allyn J. Washington.

## 4. Course Content and Schedule

## 5. Basis of Student Assessment (Weighting)

• Four tests: 50%

· Comprehensive final exam: 50%

## 6. Grading System

(<u>No</u> changes are to be made to this section, unless the Approved Course Description has been forwarded through EDCO for approval.)

Percentage	Grade	Description	Grade Point Equivalency
90-100	A+		9
85-89	А		8
80-84	A-		7
77-79	B+		6
73-76	В		5
70-72	B-		4
65-69	C+		3
60-64	С		2
50-59	D	Minimum level of achievement for which credit is granted; a course with a "D" grade cannot be used as a prerequisite.	1
0-49	F	Minimum level has not been achieved.	0

#### Standard Grading System (GPA)

#### **Temporary Grades**

Temporary grades are assigned for specific circumstances and will convert to a final grade according to the grading scheme being used in the course. See Grading Policy E-1.5 at **camosun.ca** for information on conversion to final grades, and for additional information on student record and transcript notations.

Temporary Grade	Description
I	<i>Incomplete</i> : A temporary grade assigned when the requirements of a course have not yet been completed due to hardship or extenuating circumstances, such as illness or death in the family.
IP	<i>In progress</i> : A temporary grade assigned for courses that, due to design may require a further enrollment in the same course. No more than two IP grades will be assigned for the same course. (For these courses a final grade will be assigned to either the 3 <sup>rd</sup> course attempt or at the point of course completion.)
CW	<i>Compulsory Withdrawal:</i> A temporary grade assigned by a Dean when an instructor, after documenting the prescriptive strategies applied and consulting with peers, deems that a student is unsafe to self or others and must be removed from the lab, practicum, worksite, or field placement.

#### Topics covered

- 1. Integration
- Antiderivatives (section 25.1)
- The Indefinite Integral (section 25.2)
- The Area Under a Curve (section 25.3)
- The Definite Integral (section 25.4)
- Numerical Integration: The Trapezoidal Rule (section 25.5)

- Simpson's Rule (section 25.6)
- 2. Applications of Integration
- Applications of the Indefinite Integral (section 26.1)
- Areas by Integration (section 26.2)
- · Volumes by Integration (section 26.3)
- Centroids (section 26.4)
- Moments of Inertia (section 26.5)
- Other Applications (section 26.6)
- 3. Methods of Integration
- The General Power Formula (section 28.1)
- The Basic Logarithmic Form (section 28.2)
- The Exponential Form (section 28.3)
- Basic Trigonometric Forms (section 28.4)
- Other Trigonometric Forms (section 28.5)
- Inverse Trigonometric Forms (section 28.6)
- Integration by Parts (section 28.7)
- Integration by Trigonometric Substitution (section 28.8)
- Integration by Partial Fractions: Nonrepeated Linear Factors (section 28.9)
- Integration by Partial Fractions: Other Cases (section 28.10)
- 4. Expansion of Functions in Series
- · Maclaurin Series (section 29.2)
- · Certain Operations with Series (section 29.3)
- · Computation by Use of Series Expansion (section 29.4)
- Taylor Series (section 29.5)
- 5. Supplementary Topics
- Functions of Two Variables (section S-4)
- $\cdot$  Curves and Surfaces in Three Dimensions (section S-5)
- Partial Derivatives (section S-6)
- Double Integrals (section S-7)
- Polar Coordinates (section 21.9)