

ELECTRONICS & COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

COURSE OUTLINE

ELEN 142 CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

This course introduces students to concepts of circuit analysis for AC and DC circuits. Topics include: fundamental electrical quantities, series and parallel circuits, network analysis and theorems, resistance, capacitance and inductance. Instruments, instrumentation and troubleshooting concepts are introduced. Use is made of complex numbers and phasor diagrams to explain the operation of AC circuits.

OFFERED	1st Semester:	
CREDIT:	4	
IN-CLASS WORKLOAD:	4 lecture, 1 tutorial, 2 lab	
OUT-OF-CLASS WORKLOAD:	6	
PREREQUISITES: INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION:	Reserved for Students Jasmin Casauay, EIT 250-370-4422	Registered in the DND Program Office: TEC 206 casauaymj@camosun.ca

OBJECTIVE

Upon completion of this course the student will have a complete understanding of DC and AC circuit operation, including the analysis of circuits containing capacitors and inductors.

OUTI	LINE		Estimated Time
1.	Intro	duction (review)	(1 hour)
	1.1 1.2	SI Units Scientific Notation and Engineering Notation	
2	Nature of Electricity (review)		(1 hour)
	2.1 2.2	Theory of Electrical ChargeStructure of the Atom2.2.1 Bohr's Model and Structure of atoms and ions2.2.2 States of Matter and Bonding	
	2.3 2.4 2.5	Conductors, Insulators and Semi-Conductors Conventional versus Electron Current Flow Definition of the Coulomb, Ampere, Volt and Ohm	

Resistance

3.

- 3.1 Types of Resistors including Linear Resistors and Non-Linear Resistors
- 3.2 Resistor Color Code
- 3.3 Ohm's and Watt's Law
- 3.4 Work, Energy, Power in Resistive Circuits

4. <u>Resistive Networks and Simple Circuit Analysis</u>

- 4.1 Series Circuits
- 4.2 Kirchhoff 's Voltage Law (KVL)
- 4.3 Voltage Divider Rule
- 4.4 Parallel Circuits
- 4.5 Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL)
- 4.6 Current Divider Rule
- 4.7 Series Parallel Circuits
- 4.8 The Voltage Divider two resistors, a potentiometer
- 4.9 Voltmeter, Ammeter, Ohmmeter and other DC Measuring Instruments
- 4.10 Wheatstone Bridge Circuit
- 4.11 Delta Wye Conversions

5. <u>Circuit Analysis using Basic Network Theorems</u>

- 5.1 Equivalent Circuits
- 5.2 Constant Voltage Sources
- 5.3 Practical Voltage Sources
- 5.4 Internal Resistance
- 5.5 Constant Current Sources
- 5.6 Current Sources in Parallel and Series
- 5.7 Maximum Power Transfer Theorem
- 5.8 Thevenin's Theorem
- 5.9 Norton's Theorem* (optional)
- 5.10 Superposition Theorem
- 5.11 Mesh Current Analysis

6. <u>Capacitance</u>

- 6.1 Electric Fields
- 6.2 Electrostatic Induction
- 6.3 Dielectrics
- 6.4 Capacitance
- 6.5 Capacitors in Series
- 6.6 Capacitors in Parallel

(3 hours)

(7 hours)

(9 hours)

(2 hours)

7. <u>Capacitance in DC Circuits</u>		vitance in DC Circuits	(7 hours)
	7.1	Charging/Discharging	
	7.2	Time Constant	
	7.3	Stored Energy	
	7.4	Capacitor Response to step and rectangular inputs	
	7.5	Capacitor as an Integrator and Differentiator	
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8.	Inductance		(2 nours)
	8.1	Electromagnetic Inductance	
	8.2	Faraday's Law	
	8.3	Lenz's Law	
	8.4	Self-Inductance	
	8.5	Inductors in Series	
	8.6	Inductors in Parallel	
9.	Induc	tance in DC CIRCUITS	(4 hours)
	9.1	Rise/Fall of Current in an RL Circuit	
	9.2	Lime Constant	
	9.5	Stored Energy BL Circuit Response to a Step input	
	9.4	KL Cheun Response to a step input	
10.	Introd	uction to Alternating Current	(4 hours)
	10.1	Sina Waya Concretion and Phase Polationshing	
	10.1	Period Frequency and Phasor Representations of Sine Wayes	
	10.2	Purely Resistive AC Circuits	
	10.4	Peak, Average, and Effective (RMS) Value of A Sine Wave	
	10.5	Other Types of Periodic Waveforms	
11.	Capac	itance in AC Circuits	(5 hours)
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	11.1	Capacitive Reactance	
	11.2	Analysis of Series RC Circuits	
	11.3	Analysis of Parallel RC Circuits	
	11.4	Power in a Capacitive Circuit	

12.	Inductance in AC Circuits		
	12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4	Inductive Reactance Analysis of Series RL Circuits Analysis of Parallel RL Circuits Power in an Inductive Circuit	
13.	<u>Non F</u>	Resonant AC Circuits	(4 hours)
	13.1 13.2 13.3	Analysis of Series RLC Circuits Analysis of Parallel RLC Circuits Power in an RLC Circuit	
14.	Resor	ant AC Circuits	(6 hours)
	14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	Series Resonance Quality Factor & Selectivity in A Series Resonant Circuit Parallel Resonance Quality Factor & Selectivity in A Parallel Resonant Circuit	
15.	5. <u>Transformers</u>		(4 hours)
		Theory of Operation Mutual Inductor of	
	15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5	Iron, Air, and Ferrite Core Transformers Voltage and Current Ratios Reflected Impedance Transformer Losses	
16.	15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5 <u>Filters</u>	Iron, Air, and Ferrite Core Transformers Voltage and Current Ratios Reflected Impedance Transformer Losses	(6 hours)
16.	15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5 <u>Filters</u> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6	Ineory of Operation - Mutual Inductance Iron, Air, and Ferrite Core Transformers Voltage and Current Ratios Reflected Impedance Transformer Losses Low Pass Filters High Pass Filters Gain, Attenuation, Decibel, Decade, and Octave Normalized Frequency Response Curves vs. Bode-plots Band Pass Filters Band Reject Filters (or Notch Filters)	(6 hours)

LABORATORY EXERCISES

There will be a total of 13 lab exercises to be completed, one per week of the semester. Each exercise will be of 2 hours duration and all must be completed satisfactorily in order to gain a credit for ELEN 142. All labs will be handed out during class in the week prior to the exercise and preparation must be completed by the student before the start of the lab.

- 1. Introduction to Multisim
- 2. Lab Introduction
- 3. Simple Series Circuit and Voltage Divider
- 4. Parallel and Series-Parallel Circuits
- 5. DC Network Theorems
- 6. DC Capacitive Circuits
- 7. DC Inductive Circuits
- 8. Introduction to AC Measurements
- 9. AC Measurements in a Series RC Circuit
- 10. Amplitude, Phase Angle and Power in a Series AC Circuit
- 11. Resonant and Non-Resonant RLC Circuits
- 12. Transformer Characteristics
- 13. Filters

HOLIDAYS

- Monday May 20th Victoria Day College closed (Week 4)
- Monday July 1st Canada Day College Closed (Week 9)
- Monday August 5th British Columbia Day College closed (Week 14)

EVALUATION

Assignments	10%
Labs	20%
Term Test 1 (Date: TBA)	15%
Term Test 2 (Date: TBA)	15%
Final Exam	40%
Total Course Mark	100%

<u>GRADING</u> (in accordance with the College policy):

A+	90 - 100%	В-	70 - 72%
Α	85 - 89%	C+	65 - 69%
А-	80 - 84%	С	60 - 64%
B+	77 - 79%	D	50 - 59%
B	73 - 76%	F	< 50%

A <u>minimum of 60%</u> overall mark must be achieved in both the theory and lab portions to pass the course. Less than 60% overall mark in either portion will result in a failure of the entire course. In addition, to pass the course, the final examination mark must be not less than 50%.

The final grading is based on 85% of theory work, and 15% of lab evaluation. Lab evaluation will be based on completing all assigned exercises and lab reports. Labs are to be completed within the assigned lab period and evaluated as satisfactory or unsatisfactory. Any unsatisfactory lab reports must be redone until a satisfactory level is achieved.

Attendance and completion of all lab material is mandatory to complete the course. Attendance at all tutorials is also compulsory.

Quizzes may be given at any time without prior notice and will be based on the current class notes, example problems and any textbook reading assigned.

COURSE TEXT	-	Introduction to Circuit Analysis	
		Walls Johnstone	ISBN 0-314-93386-7
(or)	-	Circuit Analysis wit Robbins and Miller	h Devices 2 nd Edition (or newer) ISBN 140187984-5

- Laboratory Exercises, Handouts and Course Outline